## Foreign EEA-based AIF managers' marketing of EEA-based AIF to professional investors in Sweden (Chapter 5, section 3 of AIFMA)

Last reviewed: 2021-07-23

a) Prior authorisation for	Chapter 5, section 3 of AIFMA (Article 32 of AIFMD);
marketing.	Article 6 of AIFMD.
b) Format and content of	Chapter 5, section 3 of AIFMA; Article 23 of AIFMD.
marketing material, including	
identification of the	
information and documents to	
be notified to the competent	
authority prior to beginning of	
marketing.	OL 1 5 C CAUSAA
c) Verification of marketing	Chapter 5, section 3 of AIFMA.
communications by the	
competent authority.	Drafaggian al invastore
d) Marketing to retail investors	Professional investors.
or to professional investors.	
e) Reporting obligations in	
relation to marketing.	
f) Passporting regime.	Chapter 5, section 3 of AIFMA.
g) Distribution of funds	
established in a third country	
under the national private	
placement regime.	
h) Distribution of open-ended	Both.
AIFs and of closed-ended	
AIFs.	
i) De-notification of	Notification from the home country authority.
arrangements made for	
marketing;	
j) Other rules governing the	
marketing of AIFs applicable	
within the jurisdiction of the	
competent authority.	
i	

**Disclaimer:** Finansinspektionen has taken reasonable care to ensure that the information on the national provisions governing the marketing requirements for AIFs in Sweden included on this webpage is up-to-date and complete. Finansinspektionen is not responsible for maintaining external websites and is not liable for any error or omission on any external website to which hyperlinks are provided on this webpage.

## Other requirements

In addition to the provisions referred to above, which are set out specifically for the marketing of AIFs, there may be other legal provisions that may apply when marketing them in Sweden, although they are not specifically designed for the marketing of AIFs, depending on the individual situation of those involved in the marketing of shares or units of AIFs. Marketing in Sweden may trigger the application of other requirements, such as consumer law or tax law.

**Disclaimer:** The following is a non-exhaustive list of national laws that could be applicable and Finansinspektionen is not liable for any omission in that list. Supervision of the requirements deriving from these laws is not under the supervision of Finansinspektionen. The applicability of these requirements, and any other legal requirements, should be assessed before marketing or investing in an AIF. Where uncertainty exists, those marketing or investing in UCITS or AIFs should obtain independent advice as to the applicable requirements to their individual situation.